In this video we will discuss, how, unintended updates can happen in mvc. Please [watch Part 18](http://csharp-video-tutorials.blogspot.com/2013/05/part-18-updating-data-in-mvc.html), before proceeding. Let's understand this with an example.

At the moment, **"Employee Edit"** view can be used to change all of the following fields.  
**1.** Name  
**2.** Gender  
**3.** City   
**4.** DateOfBirth  
  
Let's make **"Name"** non-editable. To achieve this  
CHANGE THE FOLLOWING CODE IN EDIT.CSHTML  
@Html.EditorFor(model => model.Name)  
  
TO  
@Html.DisplayFor(model => model.Name)  
@Html.HiddenFor(model => model.Name)  
  
Run the application and edit an employee. Notice that, **Name** of the employee is no longer rendered using a textbox. At this point we may think, that it is impossible for the user to change the name of the employee using **"Edit"** view. That is not true. Because of the way we have written our code, tools like Fiddler can be used to very easily change any properties of the **"Employee"** object.  
  
**Fiddler can be downloaded from the following URL**  
<http://fiddler2.com/get-fiddler>  
  
After you have downloaded and installed fiddler, run fiddler, and navigate to the following URL  
http://localhost/MVCDemo/Employee/Edit/1  
  
In fiddler, in **web sessions** window, select the url. Under the **"Inspectors"** tab you can see Request headers and response. We will discuss more about fiddler in a later video session.  
  
Now click on **"Save"** button on **"Edit"** view. Notice that, under **"Web Sessions"** in fiddler, another request is captured for the same URL - http://localhost/MVCDemo/Employee/Edit/1  
  
**Now, without using the browser**, let' us see how to generate a post request using fiddler.  
**1.** Click on **"Composer"** tab in fiddler  
**2.** Drag and drop the following URL from **"Web Sessions"** window onto Composer window.  
http://localhost/MVCDemo/Employee/Edit/1  
**3.** In **"Reques Body"** under **"Composer"** tab, change **"Name"** of the employee to **"XYZ"**  
**4.** Finally click **"Execute"** button on **"Fiddler"**  
  
Now either query the database table, or navigate to **"Index"** view and notice that the employee name is changed to **"XYZ"**.  
  
In our next video, we will discuss preventing these type of un-intended updates.